#### **EXPEREMENT-5**

**AIM:** To verify the Tellegen's Theorem for two networks of same topology using MULTISIM software.

**SOFTWARE REQUIRED:** MULTISIM software.

### THEORY:

## **Tellegen's theorem:**

"In any liner/non linear, active/passive, time variant/invariant network, the summation of power of each branch (instantaneous power in case of AC network) is equal to zero"

So for a circuit having "n" no of branches

$$\sum_{K=1}^{n} v_K i_K = 0$$

Another extension is when the branch voltage  $v_K$  is from one network and branch current  $i_K$  is from an entirely different network, so long as the two networks have the same topology (same incidence matrix) Tellegen's theorem remains true.

So if for network N

Branch voltages:  $v_1, v_2, v_3, ... v_n$ 

Branch currents:  $i_1, i_2, i_3, ... i_n$ 

And for network N'

Branch voltages:  $v_1, v_2, v_3, ..., v_n$ 

Branch currents:  $\vec{i_1}, \vec{i_2}, \vec{i_3}, ... \vec{i_n}$ 

Then  $\sum_{K=1}^{n} v_{K} i_{K} = \sum_{K=1}^{n} v_{K} i_{K} = 0$  (Two networks may be at different instants)

# **Circuits:** Following two networks are topological

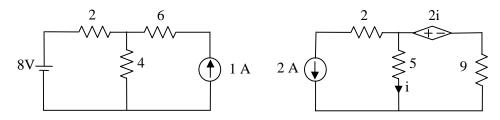


Figure 1a: Network N

Figure 1b: Network N'

### **SOFTWARE CIRCUITS:**

### **CALCULATIONS:**

$$\sum_{K=1}^{5} v_K i_K' =$$

$$\sum_{K=1}^{5} v_{K}^{'} i_{K} =$$

**RESULT:** In the above circuit and simulation Tellegen's theorem is verified for same topological network.

### **PRECAUTION:**

- 1. Ground the circuit before simulation.
- 2. Design circuit carefully.
- 3. Save the file properly
- 4. Don't change the setting the software and computer.